

Background to #Housing2030 initiative

- Improving housing affordability is currently one of the most important policy challenges in the UNECE and UfM region
- Need to better understand access to affordable housing options and how to formulate and proportional policy responses
- 'Affordability' can be defined in multiple ways
 - poses a challenge for policy-makers

Therefore, we need

- 1. An active exchange of practical experiences to develop solutions
- 2. Coordinated action and the development of comprehensive and coherent policy responses at all levels
- 3. This effort is supported by UNECE, Housing Europe and UN Habitat



Background to #Housing2030 initiative

- The project is built upon four key principles of sustainable housing
 - 1. Environmental protection
 - 2. Economic effectiveness
 - 3. Social inclusion and participation
 - 4. Cultural adequacy



What is the focus?

- 1. Policies, tools and good illustrations
- 2. Real practices not blue prints
 - Housing governance and regulation
 - Access to finance and funding
 - Access and availability of land for housing construction
 - Climate-neutral housing construction and renovation



How and When?

- Survey to collect information on housing affordability challenges and policy responses and to identify capacity building needs of governments Results collected online through Housing 2030 website and UNECE survey to November 2020
- Online workshop on the use of land and its relationship to housing affordability May 2020 recording on #Housing2030 website
- Online Workshop "Climate-neutral housing construction and renovation" Glasgow November 2020
- Online Workshop "Housing governance and regulation towards housing affordability" focusing on housing affordability challenges workshop in the South-Eastern Europe subregional in Slovenia in February 2021
- Online Workshop in Dublin on "Improving housing affordability through access to finance and funding" April 2021
- Presentation of the final draft at the International Social Housing Festival in Helsinki, June 2021
- Launch of the publication at the UNECE Ministerial meeting in October 2021

Land policy

- Public land banking
- Public land leasing
- Land re-adjustment
- Land value recapture
- Regulatory planning
- Neighbourhood planning



Good governance

- Shaping a balanced housing (sub) market, fairly and purposefully with rights and policy guidance frameworks
- Well informed governing involving monitoring, projecting needs, evaluation of progress and adaptation investigative research
- Governing with adequate financial resources using long term agreements and transferring funds, strategic implementation, task focused budgets and their reporting
- Governing together multi-level governance, co-creation and partnerships
- Governing with the right skills, building strategic capacity, technical standards, training, norm setting
- Governing through intentional commissioning processes such as procurement standards, benchmarks, transparency
- Regulating for effective processes outcomes steering performance via conditionality, accountability, enforcement
- Governing specific stakeholders on core areas: decent housing standards, rent setting, eligibility and allocation, reserves for maintenance, profit/risk taking and access to rent assistance and support
- Governing with tenants, different models and also successful illustrations of co-housing management

Environmental sustainability

- Co-ordinated national strategy or program of initiatives
- Tax rebates/breaks/credits
- Soft loans and Grants for investment in deep renovation
- Cost-recovery regulation
- Removal of energy-price subsidies
- Public credit default guarantees
- Energy Performance Certificate (EPC) related Bonus-Malus payments
- State run innovative financing schemes (PAYS)
- Financial support for R&D projects
- Public Procurement of Innovative (PPI) solutions
- Technology or best practice solution competitions
- Ban/Phase out of fossil-fuel heating systems
- Awareness-raising campaigns



Environmental sustainability

- Building individual deep renovation passports/roadmaps
- Training of building professionals
- Energy Performance Certificates (EPCs)
- Local actor networks on energy efficiency renovation
- Building portfolio owners to employ an energy manager
- Information on good practice examples
- Building stock energy targets
- Competent authorities with sufficient resources
- Building regulations
- Cost recovery regulation
- Mandatory regular inspection of heating and cooling systems
- Standardisation of energy efficiency projects/renovation process
- Promotion of energy performance contracting
- Financial support
- Tenant information and support measures



Funding and finance

- Rent setting, revenue management
- Housing allowances
- Operating gap payments
- Land contributions and leases
- Direct public investment
- Revolving funds
- Shared equity, rent to buy
- Capital gains sharing arrangements
- Limited profit, use of surpluses and profits

- Limited profit, use of surpluses and profits
- Regulating business models and legislation
- Special purpose intermediaries
- Soft loans, staggered loans
- Interest rate subsidies
- Efficient financing
- Guarantees and insurance
- Tax concessions
- Auditing and monitoring



